



**NAVVRACHANA
UNIVERSITY**

a UGC recognized University

School: School of Engineering and Technology
Program/s: B.Tech CSE
Year: 2nd **Semester:** 3rd
Examination: End Semester Examination
Examination year: December-2021

Course Code: CS239 **Course Name:** Discrete Mathematics

Date: 08/12/2021

Time: 8:30 am to 10:30 am

Total Marks: 40

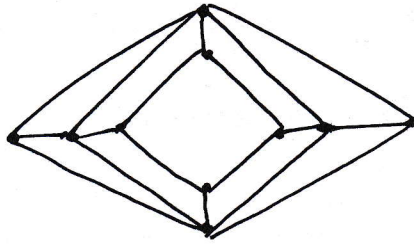
Total Pages: 1

Instructions:

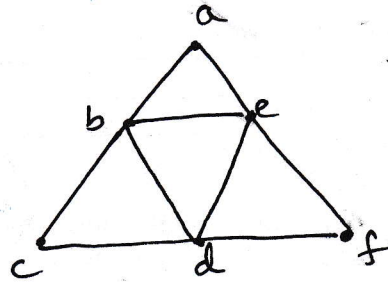
- Write each answer on a new page.
- Use of a calculator is ~~permitted~~/not permitted.
- * COs=Course Outcome mapping. # BTL=Bloom's Taxonomy Level mapping

Q. No.	Details	Marks	COs*	BTL#
Q.1	i) List the elements of the set $\{n: n \in \mathbb{N}, 2 < n < 7\}$ ii) Find x, y if $(x+1, 6) = (3, x+2y)$ iii) If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $B = \{a, b, c, d\}$ then find whether the relation $f = \{(3, a), (3, b), (4, c), (5, d)\}$ is a function or not. Justify your answer. iv) If $f, g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ are defined by $f(x) = 3x + 2$ and $g(x) = 5x^2 + 7$, find $f \circ g$ and $g \circ f$ if they exist. Are they equal? v) If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ $B = \{1, 4, 9, 12\}$ and aRb if a divides b , find R and the matrix of R .	8	CO1 CO2	BT1, BT2, BT3
Q.2	i) $x - 3 = 10$ is a sentence/statement. ii) $p \vee \sim p$ is a tautology. (True/False) iii) Using the truth table prove that $p \vee (q \wedge r) = (p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$ iv) Prove using method of induction that for n to be an integer, if n^2 is an integer then n is an integer.	8	CO3, CO4	BT1, BT2, BT3, BT4, BT5
Q.3	i) Find the general term of the sequence $1, 3, 3^2, 3^3, \dots$ ii) If the terms of a sequence satisfy $b_n = 2b_{n-1} + 10$, the sequence is linear only/homogeneous only/linear and homogeneous/ neither linear nor homogeneous. iii) Use generating functions to find the number of ways to select 8 balls from a box containing 3 greens, 3 red and 3 black balls. iv) Find the generating function in the closed form for the sequence $0, 0, 3, 3, 3, \dots$	8	CO5 CO6	BT1 BT2 BT3, BT4
Q.4	i) Find the value of $15 X_8 7$ ii) Consider the operation $a * b = a - b$ in the set of natural numbers \mathbb{N} . Is \mathbb{N} a semigroup with respect to $*$. Justify your answer. iii) Show that the set of positive rational numbers Q^+ forms an abelian group with respect to $*$ defined as $a * b = \frac{ab}{2}$	8	CO7, CO8	BT1 BT2, BT3, BT4
Q.5	i) State the Handshake Theorem. ii) Give an example of a non planar graph.	8	CO9 CO10	BT1, BT2 BT3

iii) Give statement of Euler's theorem and verify it for the graph given below



iv) Define an Eulerian graph and show that the graph given below is Eulerian



BT4
BT5

*****End of Question Paper*****