

School: School of Science
Program: B.Sc. in Chemistry
Year: 1st
Examination: End Sem Examination
Examination year: December - 2022

Course Code: CH104

Course Name: Inorganic Chemistry-1

Date: 08/12/2022

Time: 08:30 am to 10:30 am

Total Marks: 40 Total Pages: 2

## Instructions:

→ All Sections are compulsory.

→ Please read the questions carefully and answer accordingly.

→ Draw a neat and labeled diagram wherever necessary.

## Bloom's Taxonomy Levels

1. Remember

2. Understand

3. Application 4. Analysis

5. Evaluation

6. Creation

i. ii. iii.	Define the shape of $ClF_3$ and $ICl_2$ as per the VESPER theory. Explain the hydrogen bonding in details (a) Hydrochloric acid and Dimethyl ether (b) O-nitrophenol. Determine the configuration (in the form $t_{2g}$ , eg as appropriate), the number of unpaired electrons, and the crystal field stabilization energy as a multiple of $\Delta_0$ or $\Delta_T$ for each of the following complexes to decide, where relevant, which are likely to be strong-field and which are	20		
	Dimethyl ether (b) O-nitrophenol. Determine the configuration (in the form $t_{2g}$ , eg as appropriate), the number of unpaired electrons, and the crystal field stabilization energy as a multiple of $\Delta_0$ or $\Delta_T$ for each of the following complexes to decide, where relevant, which are likely to be strong-field and which are			
iii.	Determine the configuration (in the form $t_{2g}$ , eg as appropriate), the number of unpaired electrons, and the crystal field stabilization energy as a multiple of $\Delta_0$ or $\Delta_T$ for each of the following complexes to decide, where relevant, which are likely to be strong-field and which are			
iv.	weak-field complexes:  (a)[Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> ] <sup>3+</sup> ; (b) [Ni(CO) <sub>4</sub> ].  On basis of VBT, find out the type of hybridisation, magnetic moment, spin multiplicity and geometry of [Ni (DMG) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>-</sup> .		CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	BT1 BT2 BT3 BT5
v. vi.	Write in detail about tritration of strong acid against a strong base also explain the $pH$ titration curves of different acids with sodium hydroxide. Write in detail about theory of Acid-Base Indicators in detail.			
		10		
ii. iii.	Write about limitations of VBT.  What mean by Common ion effect explain it with suitable example.			
	vi.  Vi.  Answ i. ii.	<ul> <li>iv. On basis of VBT, find out the type of hybridisation, magnetic moment, spin multiplicity and geometry of [Ni (DMG)<sub>2</sub>].</li> <li>v. Write in detail about tritration of strong acid against a strong base also explain the pH titration curves of different acids with sodium hydroxide.</li> <li>vi. Write in detail about theory of Acid-Base Indicators in detail.</li> <li>Answer in brief. (Any Five, each carry 02 marks)</li> <li>i. Explain the shape of BeH<sub>2</sub>.</li> <li>ii. Write about limitations of VBT.</li> <li>iii. What mean by Common ion effect explain it with suitable example.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>iv. On basis of VBT, find out the type of hybridisation, magnetic moment, spin multiplicity and geometry of [Ni (DMG)<sub>2</sub>].</li> <li>v. Write in detail about tritration of strong acid against a strong base also explain the pH titration curves of different acids with sodium hydroxide.</li> <li>vi. Write in detail about theory of Acid-Base Indicators in detail.</li> <li>Answer in brief. (Any Five, each carry 02 marks)  i. Explain the shape of BeH<sub>2</sub>.</li> <li>ii. Write about limitations of VBT.</li> <li>iii. What mean by Common ion effect explain it with suitable example.</li> </ul>	iv. On basis of VBT, find out the type of hybridisation, magnetic moment, spin multiplicity and geometry of [Ni (DMG) <sub>2</sub> ].  v. Write in detail about tritration of strong acid against a strong base also explain the pH titration curves of different acids with sodium hydroxide.  vi. Write in detail about theory of Acid-Base Indicators in detail.  Answer in brief. (Any Five, each carry 02 marks)  i. Explain the shape of BeH <sub>2</sub> .  ii. Write about limitations of VBT.  iii. What mean by Common ion effect explain it with suitable example.

1		hydrolysis.					
1	v.	Draw the crystal field energy diagram of [Cu(Cl) <sub>6</sub> ] <sup>4-</sup> .					
	vi.	Discuss the factors that contribute to the preference for forming either a					
		high or a low-spin d4 complex.					
Q.3.	Answ	05	BT1 BT2				
	i.						
	ii.	What will be the coordination number of NaCl?		BT3 BT5			
	iii.	How many coordinating sites are there in EDTA?		BT4			
	iv.	Give definition of acid-base on the besis of Arrhenius Concept.					
	v.	What will be the solution pH if we do the anionic hydrolysis.					
Q.4	Answ	05					
	i.	An acid base titration involves a,					
		(a) Composition reaction (b) Neutralization reaction (c)					
		Decomposition reaction (d) Non of these.					
	ii.	What will be the pH of solution having concentration of H <sup>+</sup> ions 10 <sup>-4</sup> M.					
		(a) 4 (b) 5 (c) 10					
		(d) Non of these					
	iii.	In case of Octahedral Complexes what will be the ground state orbital,					
		(a) $e_g$ orbitals (b) $t2g$ orbitals (c) $e_g$ and $t_{2g}$					
		orbitals (d) Non of these					
	iv.	In case of $[Co(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$ what will be the hybridization.					
		(a) sp (b) $sp^2$ (c) $sp^3d^2$					
		(d) Non of these					
	v.	$[KK(\sigma 2s_b)^2(\sigma 2s^*)^2(\pi z_b)^2(\pi x_b = \pi y_b)^4(\pi x^* = (\pi y^*)^2(\pi z^*)]$ is the electronic					
		configuration of which molecule.					
		(a) $O_2$ (b) $F_2$ (c) $N_2$					
		(d) Non of these					

End of	Question	Paper
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